THEY MUST ANSWER

Warrants Issued for Arrest of Mississippi State Officials.

Governor, Auditor and Treasurer Charged with Issuing Scrip in the Similitude of United States Money.

ACTION TAKEN BY CARLISLE

Who Thought Other States Might Also Issue Currency.

Governor Stone in Danger of a Fine of \$5,000 or Imprisonment at Hard Labor for Fifteen Years.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 10.-Warrants were to-day sworn out for the arrest of the following State officers of Mississippi: J. M. Stone, Governor; W. W. Stone, Auditor, and J. J. Evans, State Treasurer. William J. Burns, special agent of the Secret Service Bureau at Washington, who has been here for the past two months working on the special warrant case, made affidavit before Commissioner L. B. Mosely, charging them with violating Section 5430 of the Revised Statutes of the United States in issuing the \$200,000 of Mississippi special warrants charged to be in the similitude of United States currency. The warrants were placed in the hands of United States Marshal J. McNealy. Auditor Stone appeared before the commissioner and entered into personal recognizance of \$1,000 for his appearance at the November term of the federal court, waiving examination. The warrants have not been served on Governor Stone, who was officially engaged, nor on State Treasurer Evans, who is out of the city. They will be served on the Governor to-morrow and the Treasurer when he returns.

The affidavit contains three charges, covering each of the three denominations of warrants, with photograph print of both front and back of same. These charges allege that on the 15th day of June the "aforesaid mentioned State officials did unlawfully and feloniously, at Jackson, Miss., and not by direction of any proper officer of the United States, print, photograph, made and caused to be printed, photographed and made, certain photograph print and impression on the likeness of national bank currency of said United States." Then follows the denomination of the warrants, with photographic print of its face and back. The papers were prepared by District Attorney Lee and Assistant District Attorney Henry.

The State officers have been expecting these proceedings for several days, and were not, therefore, the least surprised when served. They appear not at all disturbed, and are sanguine of the successful termination of the issue. These warrants were issued in accordance with an act passed by the last Legislature making it the official duty of these officers to execute the same. The act provides for \$200,warrants, in denomof fives, tens and twenties. These are redeemable Jan. and bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum, and are receivable at any time for all dues by the State prior to that date without interest. The issuance was rendered necessary by a deficht in the State treasury, and the Legisla-ture chose this means of providing for it over the protests of the State officers, who argued for an issue of bonds in their stead. The first demand made by the United States government was a few days ago, when special officer Burns demanded the canceled plates from which the warrants were printed. His demand was refused. He wired the result to Washington and received instructions to swear out warrants for the arrest of the officials.

Governor Stone was seen and said the State officials had no purpose to violate any United States law, and that he did not believe that such a law had been violated; that the matter was now to come before a court for which he had the greatest respect and in which he had the utmost confidence. He did not, therefore, care to publicly discuss the matter. United States Senators G. Z. George and A. J. McLaurin and ex-Chief Justice J. A. P. Campbell have been retained by the State officials to defend them.

By Carlisle's Direction.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 .- The proceedings against the Mississippl State officials were taken at the direction of Secretary Carlisle and as the result of a consultation between him and the officials of the Department of Justice. It was felt that if no notice was taken of the issue and distribution of these warrants by the State of Mississippi other States would in all probability follow suit, and the near resemblance of the issues to government securities would result in harm. The penalty is a fine of not more than \$5,000 or imprisonment at hard labor not more than fifteen years. The opinion here is that the present will be a test case. The Attorneygeneral has directed United States Attorneys Lee, at Jackson, Miss., and Colbert, at St. Louis, to prepare information looking to the prosecution of the cases begun today. The secret service agent, W. J. Burns, at Jackson, Miss., to-day informed Chief Hazen of his action. The agent further reported that Auditor Stone was arrested this afternoon and waived examination; that Governor Stone would be arrested to-morrow morning, and that Treasurer Evans was out of the city.

Cases of Cheney and Holmes.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.-District Attorney Dixon to-day received a copy of the complaint filed before United States Commissioner Crawford, at St. Louis, against Clarence C. Cheney, president of the banknote company, and John Holmes, an employe of the company, charging them with violating the treasury laws in printing the September warrants for the State of Mississippi. Warrants were sent to Chicago because the defendants both live here. The defendants had previously, in expectation that the government would begin the prosecution, agreed to come in voluntarily and give bail. Commissioner Hoyne fixed the bail at \$5,-000 each, and bonds will be given to-mor-row, which will bind the defendants to appear at St. Louis for trial on Nov. 5.

Politicians Caught Gambling. OWENSBORO, Ky., Sept. 10.-A sensation was created here to-day by an early morning raid on a gambling game in progress in the rear of the Planters' House. Three officers raided the room and found the Hon. Lige Sebree, of Henderson, Republican candidate for Congress; Messrs.

Awaraed Highest Honors-World's Fair. ·DR:



MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Yartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulteranx 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

John Shackelford, Ernest Burch, A. Sparks, Theodore Washburn and John Walters, all well-known men. Messrs, Sebree and Burch pleaded guilty in the city court and were fined; but the other cases were continued till Friday.

DEMAND THE BALLOT.

Chicago Women Present Their Claims to Election Commissioners.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10 .- A joint committee of women, representing the two leading political parties, and who are determined that no legal obstacle shall be thrown in the way of women voting for university trustees this fall, to-day handed the election commissioners a letter, in which they state that, as women of the State of Illinois are entitled to vote at the coming November election for trustees of the University of Illinois, that the judges of election be instructed to allow all women eligible under the law to register and vote, and also, as the women cannot vote for all the candidates of the general ticket, that the election commissioners provide proper tickets and a separate ballot box to receive the ballots of women only. The election com-missioners appointed Sept. 20 for a confer-ence with the committee.

FEDERAL LAW NEEDED

ADULTERATION OF FOOD, LIQUORS AND DRUGS INCREASING.

Report of Special Agent Wedderburn, Showing the Extent of the Evil and Difficulty of Controlling It.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.-The question of adulteration of food and drugs in this country is discussed in detail in the report of Special Agent Alex. J. Wedderburn, of the Agricultural Department. After referring to the fact that the public ideas of adulteration of food are in many cases very much exaggerated, the report says: "The attention of foreigners has been drawn to the fact that greater or less adulteration exists among us. As a result, foreign competitors of our manufacturers of food products have used the fact to their own advantage. America to-day occupies the unenviable position of being one of the very the proper branding of their manufactured food and drugs. Whether such requireis unknown, but the evil would be mitigated by wholesome legislation. This belief is sustained by the results of the food laws of England and other foreign counconcurrent testimony of State officials local laws is that a national law is necessary to secure proper enforcement of State laws. If it be true that it is impossible for any State to fully execute its laws, no matter how stringent, so long as the original package decision stands as law, then the need of a federal law is imperative

"That almost every article of food and drug used in our country is adulterated is proved most conclusively by a vast amount of information gathered by the department. The extent of the practice is as broad as the continent, but its character injures the pocket rather than the health. The general character of food adulterations is principally commercial fraud, and the extent of criminal or poisonous adulteration in food is so limited as to amount to but a bagatelle in the immense sums of products consumed. A large proportion of poisonous adulterations arises from carelessness and ignorance, but ignorance is no excuse for the wholesale destruction of life by the addition of poisonous pigments to many articles of goods, especially confectionery, cream and like articles. It has been proved that adulteration is general and increasing and that no kind of goods in the sugars or liquors is free from the finishing touches of the manipulators. Whether the intent be criminal and vicious or simply fraudulent, the result is the same, and the people will continue to suffer until the strong hand of federal law steps in to supplement and support the action of the States. "The extent of the adulteration is fully 15 per cent., of which 2 per cent. is of a character injurious to health. But to furnish 65,000,000 people with food, drink and drugs costs not less than \$6,760,000,000, and it is found that the amount of adulteration reaches the immense sum of \$1,014,000,000 annually. At least 2 per cent, of the whole is deleterious to health, and \$135,200,000 constitutes the annual amount paid by the American people for sacrifice of their lives or injury of their health. As there exists no more serious or exhaustive drain upon the resources of the people that the adulteration of their food and drug produces, the federal government should enact a law to prevent the transportation of mis-branded, poisonous or deleterious food and drug product from one State or Territory into another, not interfering with the po-lice powers of the States. This being done, the various State laws would become effective, and by systematic effort on the part of officials or honest dealers and manufacturers adulterations would be reduced

to a minimum, and millions of dollars saved annually to the country. The cost of execution of such a law would be moderate, and should be borne by the manufacturers of food and drug products."

The report embodies a large number of comments on the subject by officials and others directly interested. Nearly all the State officials and representative tradesmen who give their views unite in asking the passage of a national food and drug law for the protection of legitimate indus-

try and pure interstate and foreign commerce as well as the public health. Ruling by Secretary Carlisle.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 .- Secretary Carlisle to-day addressed the following letter to Commissioner of Internal Revenue Mil-

"I have received your letter of the 5th inst., in which you inclose a telegram from Controller Wellborn, of San Francisco, requesting to be informed whether Section 9 of the new tariff act prohibits the dilution or mixture of distilled spirits in bonded manufacturing houses, or only the manufacture of distilled spirits from such dilutions or mixtures. In reply you are informed that the department holds that the purpose of the paragraph is the exclusion of the manufacture of alcohol in any form in bonded warehouse. No original alcohol can be produced by any process under such bonds. The mixture of distilled spirits and the use of the same as component materials of articles manufactured in bonded houses are not prohibited, but such spirits must be introduced into the bonded warehouses and not created therein."

Controller's Annual Report.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 .- The annual report of the Controller of the Currency was made public to-day. It is a record of the work of the Controller's office, and shows that the total number of accounts, claims and cases settled during the fiscal year ended June 30 last was 33,165, involving \$280,-802,002. By comparing the work of this office for the past three fiscal years, an increase of the volume of business since 1891, in round numbers, of \$104,000,000 is shown, with an increase in the last fiscal year of \$74,000,000.

Payment of Letter Carriers' Claims. WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 .- The claims of the letter carriers for back pay, for which judgments were rendered by the Court of Claims, and for which appropriations were made in the last deficiency bill, are being paid at the Treasury Department. The vast majority of these claims, however, are still pending before the Court of Claims, but it is expected that when the court meets again, Oct. 22, judgments in those pending will be quickly renderd, based on the decisions in former cases.

General Notes. WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 .- At the close of business, to-day, the cash in the treasury amounted to \$127,830,816, of which \$56,-

029,705 represented the gold reserve. Ex-Governor Zulick, of Arizona has written a letter to the President vigorously opposing the removal of Chief Geronimo and his Apaches from Mount Vernon barracks, in Alabama, where they are now confined, to their former reservation in Arizona.

Prison Wardens.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 10.-The Prison Wardens' Association of the United States is in session in this city, with wardens from all the prominent penal institutions in the country in attendance. Prison disci-pline was the principal topic of discussion to-day.

Health, comfort and happiness abound in somes where "Garland" Stoves and Ranges

He Wanted the Modest Sum of Seven and a Half Millions.

Alleged Irrigation Swindle that Is Characterized as One of the Most Colessal Frauds of the Age.

TRACT OF WORTHLESS LAND

Which the Schemer Is Said to Have Used to Float His Stock.

One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Shares at \$50 Each-What the Complainants Say in Their Suit.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10 .- According to the allegations contained in a complaint filed in the United States Circuit Court, Judge LaCombe will be called upon to-morrow to take action with the object of preventing the continuation and final consummation of what is characterized as one of the most colossal frauds in modern times. The chief actor in this scheme, John C. Beatty, an American, at present resides in Texas. His victims include prominent New Yorkers, residents of the United States and Canada. How far the scheme has succeeded has not yet been determined, but one victim, James H. Beatty, president of the German and Northwest Insurance Company, of Ontario, Canada, and of the Federal Life Assurance Company, of Hamilton, Ontario, swears he has lost \$37,500, and it is charged that the goal of John C. Beatty's ambition was to fraudulently obtain possession of \$7,500,000.

The complainants in the case, in addition to James H. Beatty, are James C. Aikin, few countries that fail to require, by law, | Benjamin H. Doane and Leo Wormser, of New York. The defendants are Frank A. Miller, Charles H. Dow, Samuel N. Wood, ments would accomplish the desired result | Finis P. Earnest, Frank Church, James H. Brown, Charles W. Kittridge, James W. Carlile, Thomas J. O'Donnell, of California, and John C. Beatty, of Texas, all directors or trustees of the Colorado River Irrigatries, as well as of the various States. The | tion Company. The company was first organized on Jan. 7, 1892, under the name of charged with the enforcement of State and | the Arizona and Sonora Land and Irrigation Company, but the title was changed on Jan. 9, 1893, to its present form. Its ostensible object was to carry on the irrigation of land in California, Arizona, Lower California and Mexico. Its capital stock was \$7,500,000, divided into 150,000 shares of \$50 each. According to the complaint, however, the company was organized by John C. Beatty for his sole interest and benefit, and to enable him to realize \$7,500,000 on a tract of worthless land containing 1,500,000 acres on the Altar river, in the province of Sonora, in Mexico, to which, t is said, he did not even have a title. Having organized the company and obtained the issue of the capital stock by alleged fraudulent and fictitious statements, it is charged John C. Beatty went about negotiations with the object of transferring the land to the company for the whole of its capital stock, or \$7,500,000. The land formed part of what is known in Mexico as the Jecker concession, the meaning of which is not explained in the complaint, but it is charged that John C. Beatty had no title to it.

The board of directors, it is charged, were then, as now, the mere tools and creatures of John C. Beatty, ready and willing at all times to carry out his be-hests. The president of the board was Charles H. Dow, and by a vote of the majority it was agreed to trasfer 250,000 shares of the company to John C. Beatly for \$7,500,000, as soon as it was possible to carry out the transfer. The directors being Mr. Beatty's factotums, made no effort to investigate either the character of the land or the genuineness of Mr. Beatty's title to it. To further facilitate matters, Mr. Beatty's board of directors decided to appoint him manager, with exclusive control of the affairs of the company, at a salary of \$6,000, while Frank A. Miller, concerned with Beatty, was elected vice president of the company and also given a salary of \$6,000 a year, both of which transactions are charged to be illegal.

The first actual transfer of stock was made on Jan. 10, 1894, by the board of di-rectors, when 56,000 shares were transferred to John C. Beatty on the basis of 560,000 acres of land, or one share for ten acres. John C. Beatty himself presided at this meeting, and, against the protests of James H. Beatty, a stockholder, it was agreed to issue 56,000 shares of new stock. In March last James H. Beatty obtained from the Supreme Court of the State of New York a mandamus requiring the directors to show him the books, but John C. Beatty went to California, taking the minute book of the transfer with him, and James H. Beatty was unable to get the the Jecker concession.

evidence he wanted concerning the title of The known assets of the company did not exceed \$40,000. It had no bank account since last October, and was obliged to give up its offices at No. 66 Broad street, this offices in Philadelphia, Washington, Denver and other cities had previously been given up, after the country for miles around had been flooded with prospectuses and pamphlets declaring the land as an Eldorado. The only place where the company now has an office is in Providence, R. The company's known property in California consists of chattels worth \$39,617,38, which John C. Beatty, by a bill of sale, alleged to be fraudulent, transferred to the engineer, Charles R. Rockwood, without any consideration. In addition to this, Rockwood, it is said, is still drawing \$400 a month in wages for doing nothing, and the company owes him \$10,000, although he

never did anything for it. Judge Lacomb will be asked to appoint a receiver to take charge of the affairs of the company. He will also be asked to declare that the isue of 56,000 shares of stock was spurious and illegal, and that the contract between the directors on the one side and John C. Beatty on the other was fraudulent and ultra vires, and that the whole transaction was void. An injunction is asked for to prevent Beatty from selling or transferring any part of the stock or certificates under direction of the court.

James H. Beatty, the Canadian. pur-chased 10,000 shares and paid up \$37,500, and each one of those mentioned as complainants held 550 shares. At the present time it is impossible to ascertain how much money has been paid into the company, but all that has been paid, it is declared, has gone into the pockets of John C. Beatty. By an international agreement the waters of the Colorado river, except under certain conditions, cannot be used for purposes of irrigation.

TRAGEDY OVER A COW.

City Marshal and a Volunteer Assistant Shot by a Miner.

KANGLEY, Ill., Sept. 10.-City Marshal Donaldson was fatally shot and M. E. Tobias, clerk for the Star Coal Company, seriously wounded to-day by John Ulrich, a miner. Ulrich's cow had been placed in the pound, and Mrs. Ulrich attempted to batter down the gates and release the ani-The officer and Tobias interfered. as they were leading the woman to the jail her husband emptied a revolver at them, two of the shots taking effect. Ulrich escaped, and a posse of fifty men

started in pursuit. Glass Works Resume.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.-There was a general resumption in the glass business in South Jersey to-day, and by Wednesday there will hardly be an idle glass factory at Millville, Clayton, Williamstown, Glassboro, Malaga, Bridgeton and Woodbury. All the factories went into full blast. The coming season promises to be the best for years in the glass trade, and the outlook for continued work throughout the season is excellent. The work is being started on a very satisfactory basis to all. Most of the larger factories have orders now on their books to run them throughout the year. There is a general decrease of 20 per cent, in the glass scale to be operated in South Jersey.

Detroit Lodges to Secede. DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 10.-A meeting of hemian lodges of Knights of Pythias. of

Detroit was held to-night to take action on the recent decision of the Grand Lodge re-quiring that the English language be used in rituals of the order. The sentiment was strongly favorable to withdrawal from the order and the chairman was directed to appoint committees from each of the three German lodges and the Bohemian lodge, to recommend action at a future meeting. Many of those present are saloon keepers and bartenders and the discrimination against persons of their class by the Grand Lodge was also very strongly denounced.

MANY WERE MANGLED

FRENCH RAILWAY HORROR WORSE THAN FIRST REPORTED.

Instead of Ten Dead, the Number of Victims Is Now Placed at Forty to Sixty Killed and Injured.

PARIS, Sept. 10 .- The disaster to the Paris and Cologne express train at Apilly, between Noyon and Chauny, yesterday, was more serious than at first supposed. The first estimates placed the number of persons killed at ten, with twenty injured. It is now stated that from forty to sixty were killed or injured. Twelve dead bodies have already been taken from the wreck. The Minister of Public Works, M. Barthou, and a number of railway officials have gone to the scene of the acci-

It is definitely stated that the accident was due to the slow shunting of a freight train at Apilly. The engineer of the express saw the cars on the line and reversed his engine. The shock of the collision was borne by the three front cars, which sustained the brunt of the damage. As soon as the accident became known a number of priests and physicians hurried to the railroad station and did everything possible to assist the dying and injured travelers. The priests administered the last sacrament to several.

The report that the station master at Apilly had committed suicide by jumping in front of the express train when he saw that a collision was inevitable turns out to be incorrect. The station master ran along the track while trying to signal the express train and to the freight which was in its way and he was caught between the two trains and killed. It seems to be certain that there were no Americans among the killed or injured.

Tramps Mangled.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Sept. 10.-Seventeen cars of a Big Four freight were derailed three miles east this afternoon by a weak car breaking down. One unknown tramp was found dead this afternoon under a pile of coal and another is missing. The injured, all tramps, are:

WILLIAM HILL, Brooklyn, scalp torn A. S. WOODWARD, Allegheny, Pa., head crushed and foot almost severed. S. SHENDERLINE, Cincinnati, horribly F. COOKLEY, Dayton, badly cut and

Fireman McMahon Saved by Jumping. CHICAGO, Sept. 10 .- Fireman McMahon was not killed in the Northwestern wreck at Erighton last night. McMahon and engineer Thomas Stearns escaped with slight injuries. Arthur J. Bliss. Boston, whose leg was broken, was brought back to this city and placed in the P sbyterian Hospital. The wreck occurred at the crossing of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern line, and the Northwestern officials regard the pres-ence of the freight car there as very mysterious.

Two Boys Killed. NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 10 .- Spreading rails caused a serious wreck on the Shell Beach railroad yesterday evening. Julius Apllehaus, aged sixteen, was almost instantly killed. Albert Flick, aged thirteen years, died of his injuries and engineer Crawford was badly hurt.

BRECKINRIDGE ANGRY

HE CHARGES JUDGE MORTON WITH COWARDICE AND DUPLICITY,

Says the Jurist Aided Madeline Pollard and Is Now Assisting Owens -Duel Possible.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 10.-Colonel Breckinridge is out in a bitter interview charging Judge'Jere Morton with cowardice and duplicity. Breckinridge and Morton were comrades in the confederate army, practiced law together and pulled together for years in politics as well as being neighbors. Previous to the Pollard suit, Colonel Breckinridge charges that Judge Morton was not pleased because he could not name certain appointments, and when Madeline was prosecuting the Congressman, it is charged in the interview that Judge Morton deserted his old friend. In his recent speech at Athens Colonel Breckinridge scored Judge Morton very severely. Judge Morton last Wednesday replied at a public meeting in Lexington. called for that purpose, and his arraignment of Breckinridge was intensely severe. Colonel Breckinridge's rejoinder is in the form of an interview that will appear in the Lexington Transcript to-morrow. It reviews the lifetime association between the two men, and how Morton acted when the Pollard trouble came out on the Colonel and since the present congressional contest has been waging. While the Pollard case is reviewed, nothing new is brought out in it except that Judge Morton helped Miss Pollard's cause then, as he is now helping the cause of Owens.

While the relations between the men are so strained as to cause references to the code from others, Colonel Breckinridge closes by saying that they have always lived together at Lexington, and must live together at that place hereafter. He says: "All the secrets of my life have been made public. None of the secrets of his life have been published. He knows full well what they are. I leave them to his conscience and his knowledge without the slightest de-sire to wound him or those who love him." A Frankfort special says the Owens campaign committee issued a manifesto to-day against Breckinridge and his managers, which charges them with attempting intimidation and every method of fraud, but that under the rule adopted last Saturday no Democrat in good standing need fear the challenging at the primaries next Saturday.



Midsummer Clearance Sale

New and Shop-Worn

BARGAINS FOR CASH

H.T. Hearsey & Co

116 & 118 N. Pennsylvania St.



Taft's Dental Pariors, 25 West Washington St., INDIANAPOLIS, IND. The largest and best equipped office in the country.

Teeth extracted positively without



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading drug-gists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept at substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CE SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LE, KY. NEW YORK, M.V. LOUISVILLE, KY.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

ters. Perfect privacy and convenience assured. Chapel and Morgue in charge of lady attendant. 172 North Illinois St.

We have removed to new and commodious quar

EWAN-Albert M. Ewan, son of the late John O. Ewan, died at his aunt's residence, 478 Park avenue, at 2:30 a. m., Sept. 9. Funeral at the house at 10 a. m Tuesday, Sept. 11. Friends invited. CAMPBELL-Rev. James S. Campbell, Sunday, 1 p. m., at his residence, 227 East New York street, aged sixty-eight years, eleven months. Funeral services at the residence, 9 a. m., Tuesday, Sept. 11. Friends invited. Burial at Spring Grove Cemetery, Cincinnati, O. CREW-Monday morning, Sept. 10, Mrs. Fannie Crew, widow of Dr. S. B. Crew, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. F. A. Dial, No. 323 College avenue, this city.

Funeral service at the house, Tuesday, at 4 p. m. Burlal at Batavia, O. SOCIETY MEETINGS. MASONIC-Attention Sir Knights. Raper Commandery No. 1, K. T., stated conclave in Masonic Temple this, Tuesday, evening at 7:30 o'clock.

VESTAL W. WOODWARD, Em. Com.

JACOB W. SMITH, Recorder.

LOST-Sunday evening, a small Scotch ter-rier pup, grayish black body, with tan paws and whiskers, wearing leather coliar, with blue velvet and nickel trim-mings; named Jim. Return to 939 North Pennsylvania street and get reward.

WANTED-AGENTS. WANTED-Smart lady agents on good pay

to sell my goods to housekeepers. Samples free, WILLIAM RIPPEY, manufacturer, Cincinnati, O. WANTED-Agents; greatest invention on earth; new patent household necessity, easily carried; special territory granted; sells on sight for 50c. Sample by mail, 25c. SHERMAN & CO., 38 Montgomery

street, Jersey City, N. J. AGENTS WANTED-An effective agent in every town to seil our high-class tailoring. To proper parties we will consign sufficient trouser patterns to make good showing as merchant tailor. Parties not

having satisfactory commercial rating must be able to furnish bond. KAHN TAILORING COMPANY, Indianapolis. WANTED-Ten undersecretaries in every town in this State; also one subsecretary in every town to manage branch office and superintend undersecretaries' work; write for particulars and free outfit en-closing 10 cents for postage. COLUM-BIAN INTERNATIONAL COLONIZA-TION AND IMPROVEMENT COM-PANY, 124 Charles street, New Orleans,

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED-Situation in drug store; fif-teen years' experience. Registered in Il-linois. E. J. B., care of Journal.

FINANCIAL. LOANS-Money on mortgages. C. F. SAYLES, 75 East Market street. LOANS-Sums of \$500 and over.

C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market MONEY TO LOAN-We have plenty of 6 per cent, money to loan on Indiana farms, C. N. WILLIAMS & CO., Craw-

fordsville, Ind. TO LOAN-Money to loan upon real estate mortgage in amounts required. Interest moderate. No commission charged. M'GILLIARD & DARK, 83 and 85 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN-On farms at the lowest

market rate; privileges for payment be-fore due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOMAS C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market street. Indianapolis. LOANS-6 per cent. money on improved real estate in this city only. (No loans made outside.) Borrower has the privilege of prepayment semi-annually. No delay. Reasonable fees. JOHN S. SPANN & CO., 86 East Market.

BUSINESS CHANCE. BUSINESS CHANCE-\$150 invested yields \$65 weekly income, with absolute security. Prospectus, itemized statistics free. BENSON & DWYER, 834 Broadway, New York.

FOR RENT. FOR RENT-ROOMS-Those wishing to change room should call at 116½ North Meridian. New place, new furniture. FOR RENT-Newly furnished rooms; two and one-half blocks from Denison House; with or without board; baths. 109 North

New Jersey street. FOR SALE. FOR SALE-Driven well machine, four-horse-power engine, derrick, and all nec-essary drills for sale. J. M. DAIN, North

MISCELLANEOUS. MISCELLANEOUS-PIANO LESSONS -Competent teacher, terms reasonable; satisfaction guaranteed. Best of references, 301 East Ohio street.

BASEBALL!

TO-DAY, CINCINNATI VS. INDIANAPOLIS

ADM 8810N-25c; grand stand, '0c; ladies, 25c, To-morrow, Thursday and Friday-KANSAS

You'll need a

You'll find a great variety at prices in our stock.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT

Fourth Production of the Gorgeous and Beautiful Spectacle,

PAIN'S

LAST K. of P. DAYS

TO-NIGHT.

With New and Elaborate Designs in Fireworks and Other New Features.

NEXT

THURSDAY G. A. R. NIGHT.

NEXT STURD IY.

When will be presented for the FIRST

TIME in this city,

Secure seats in advance at Big Four Ticket Office. Admission, 50c; reserved chairs, 75c; box seats, \$1; children, 25c. Propertal trains of Electric Cars on North Illinois street and College-avenue lines every few minutes. Band Concert beginning 7:30 p. m. Performance begins 8:30.

THEATER PARK THIS AFTERNOON AND TO NIGHT,

Sherman & Morisey's Comedians.

A JAY CIRCUS" real circus tent on the stage. Popular -- 10c, 20c, 30c -- Prices

Next (Fair) week-THE NEUVIL ES.

EMPIRE THEATER Ladies' entrance, Delaware street. MATINEE AT 2. TO-NIGHT AT 8.

Rice & Barton's Comedians "McDOODLE AND POODLE,"

And a trong company of specialty artists.
Telephone ca.l, 17-2.
ext week-"TH WORLD."

Now Open for the Season

The park has been considerably improved and meals are now served to order at the pavilion. Carriag parties may enter the park at the east gate from Illinois a reet, hitching posts having been pro-vided just inside the gate.

ARMSTRONG PARK

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, "PIQUE FOR PIQUE" and the laughable come ly in three acts, "FUN IN A BOARDING HOUSE," Under management of Frederick Lorraine. Grand Open-Air Performance.

Curtain at 8:30.
Miller's Grand Opera House Orchestra. Fransfer tickets taken and given on all Armstrong Park cars from and to all parts of the city. Ample street car accommodations. Every motor going to Park between 7:15 p. m. until 8:15 p m. will carry two extra cars.

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